

Solving Polynomial Systems Using Linear Algebra - Tutorial 1

CAA Workshop 7-13 Oct. 2017 Douala

To solve these exercises, we will use ApCoCoA.

1 Endomorphisms

Exercise 1 Minimal Polynomials

Let $K = \mathbb{Q}$ and let φ be the endomorphism of $V = K^4$ defined by the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

with respect to the canonical basis.

- Compute the minimal polynomial of φ via reduction.
- Consider the endomorphism $\psi = \varphi^2 - \varphi$ of V . Compute the minimal polynomial of ψ .
- What is the minimal polynomial of $\phi = 2\varphi - 3id_V$?

Exercise 2 Eigenfactors, Eigenvalues, Eigenspaces

In the setting of Exercise 1, perform the following tasks.

- Factor the minimal polynomial of ϕ .
- Deduce the eigenvalues, the eigenfactors, and the eigenspaces of ϕ .
- What is the kernel of the ideal $\langle \phi^2 - \phi \rangle$ in $K[\phi]$?

Exercise 3 The Generalized Eigenspace Decomposition

Let $K = \mathbb{Q}$ and let φ be the endomorphism of $V = K^8$ represented by the matrix

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

with respect to the canonical basis of V .

- (a) Give a K -basis of $\text{Ker}(\varphi)$.
- (b) What are $\text{Ker}(\varphi^2)$ and $\text{Ker}(\varphi^3)$?
- (c) Deduce a K -basis of $\text{BigKer}(\varphi)$.
- (d) Write an ApCoCoA procedure called **BigKer** which computes $\text{BigKer}(\varphi, p(z))$ for a given endomorphism φ and an eigenfactor $p(z)$ of φ .

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2 Commuting Families

Exercise 4 Kernels of Ideals

Let $K = \mathbb{Q}$, let $V = K^4$ and let φ_1, φ_2 be the endomorphisms of V represented by the matrices

$$A_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad A_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

respectively.

- (a) Show that $\mathcal{F} = K[\varphi_1, \varphi_2]$ is a commuting family.
- (b) Let I be the ideal of \mathcal{F} generated by $\{\varphi_1^2 - 5id_V, \varphi_2 - id_V\}$.
 - (1) Give the matrices which represent the two generators of I .
 - (2) Deduce that I is a proper ideal in \mathcal{F} and compute its kernel.

Exercise 5 Computing m-Eigenfactors

Let us consider the endomorphism φ given by the matrix A of Exercise 1.

- (a) How many maximal ideals do we have in the family $\mathcal{F} = K[\varphi]$? List them.
- (b) Consider the endomorphism $\psi = \varphi^2 - \varphi$ of K^4 .
 - (1) What is the K -dimension of $K[\psi]$?
 - (2) Compute the eigenfactors $p_{m_1, \varphi}(z), p_{m_2, \varphi}(z)$ of φ and the eigenfactors $p_{m_1, \psi}(z), p_{m_2, \psi}(z)$ of ψ .
 - (3) Compute the eigenspaces $\text{Eig}(\varphi, p_{m_2, \varphi}(z))$ and $\text{Eig}(\psi, p_{m_2, \psi}(z))$ and interpret the result.

Exercise 6 Computation of Linear Maximal Ideals

Let $K = \mathbb{Q}$, let $V = K^4$, and let φ_1 and φ_2 be the endomorphisms of V defined by the matrices

$$A_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad A_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 8 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

respectively.

- Show that $\mathcal{F} = K[\varphi_1, \varphi_2]$ is a commuting family.
- What are the minimal polynomials of φ_1 and φ_2 ?
- Deduce the eigenfactors of φ_1, φ_2 , and deduce the linearity of all maximal ideals of the family $\mathcal{F} = K[\varphi_1, \varphi_2]$.